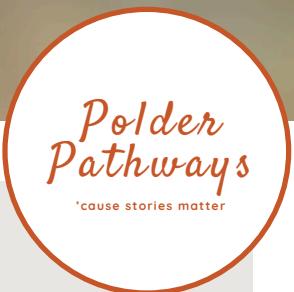




Recovering Footsteps of Lost Airmen

Where the New Land meets the Past

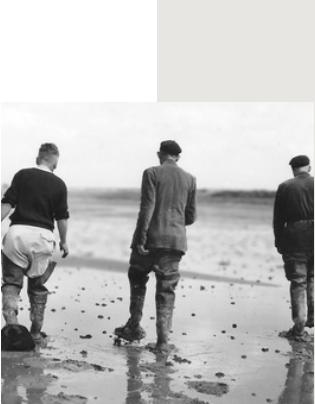


Polder
Pathways
'cause stories matter'



Lost Airmen

There's one Second World War story many Dutch remember: the skies over the Netherlands were filled with aircraft. More than 5,500 were lost. While the air war raged above them, the Dutch were reclaiming land from the sea, crafting a new land and society. Attempting to shape a better, nearly perfect community. In what would later become Flevoland, the country's youngest province, the loss of so many aircraft was especially visible. Flevoland's story is one of progress and innovation, but also of lasting remembrance.



From Sea to Polders

When the war broke out, the Dutch had recently transformed the Southern Sea into the freshwater IJsselmeer, with completion of the Afsluitdijk. Part of the Southern Sea Works, the world's largest land-reclamation and flood-protection project still underway. The polders it created—land below sea level, protected by dykes—reshaped landscape and lives along the shores. They brought safety and opportunities, yet hugely impacted ecosystems, communities, and military defence. Settler selection was strict, and life on the new land was hard.



Courage in the Polders and the Skies

Among these newly reclaimed lands, the swampy Noordoostpolder provided a refuge for downed Allied airmen. Many aircraft passed over IJsselmeer, and the fishing village of Urk served as a beacon for pilots. The Urkers waited in their boats to rescue those who had crashed and sheltering airmen in underground huts and reeds planted to dry the land. The airmen's presence brought hope, reminding us that the fight for freedom continued. The Urkers also ensured fallen were buried and honoured at the local church.



Remembering the Fallen

After the war, land reclamation continued and aircraft wrecks emerged from the former seabed. Some wrecks and remains were recovered, and crash sites marked with monuments. On land that had not existed during the war, its settlers—the polder pioneers—formed strong bonds with the fallen crews. For many years, Dronten welcomed air gunners to annual commemorations, hosting them with local families. Special friendships formed. Connections between countries lasted even after the air gunners had passed.



Passing on the Legacy

Memories like these inspire the search for lost airmen. Today, more than 1,000 are still missing in the Netherlands. In 2020, the city of Almere recovered the Short Stirling BK716, giving the downed airmen their final resting place. The Rise Monument honours them in a memorial park. Each remembered name forms a bridge between past and present. By passing on these stories, we will always remind ourselves, our children and their children that freedom may never be taken for granted.

*Join us and let memory take flight over
a land born after the war*

Full-day tour

What you will see and experience

- Schokland (UNESCO World Heritage) – a former fishing island, telling the story of the battle against water, and the creation of the Noordoostpolder
- Urk – a historic fishing village where locals cared for the downed Allied airmen
- Memorials – the Lancaster Monument on Urk, the Airgunners Monument in Dronten, the Rise Monument in Almere, and crash poles marking the sites where aircraft came down
- Erfgoedhuis Almere – museum showcasing the recovery of the Stirling BK716 and its crew